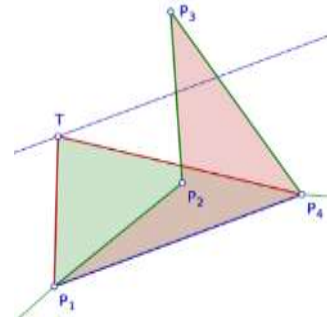


DEVELOPING NEW ALGORITHMS

- ① Suppose that some idea has been proved and implementation should start
- ① Choice of programming language
- ① Choice of existing platform
- ① Commercial vs. free software



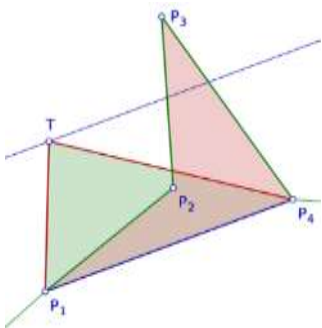


WEB SERVICES

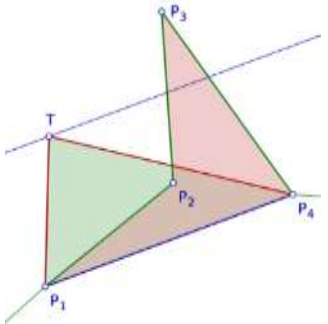
- ① Interface to any existing application software over HTTP
- ① Can be used anywhere in world from one place – if client is available
- ① One gets maximum potential user community for testing or usage

```
<ExceptionReport version="1.0.0"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.opengis.net/ows/1.1
  http://schemas.opengis.net/ows/1.1/owsExceptionReport.xsd">
  <Exception exceptionCode="NoApplicableCode">
    <ExceptionText>'No query string found.'</ExceptionText>
  </Exception>
</ExceptionReport>
```

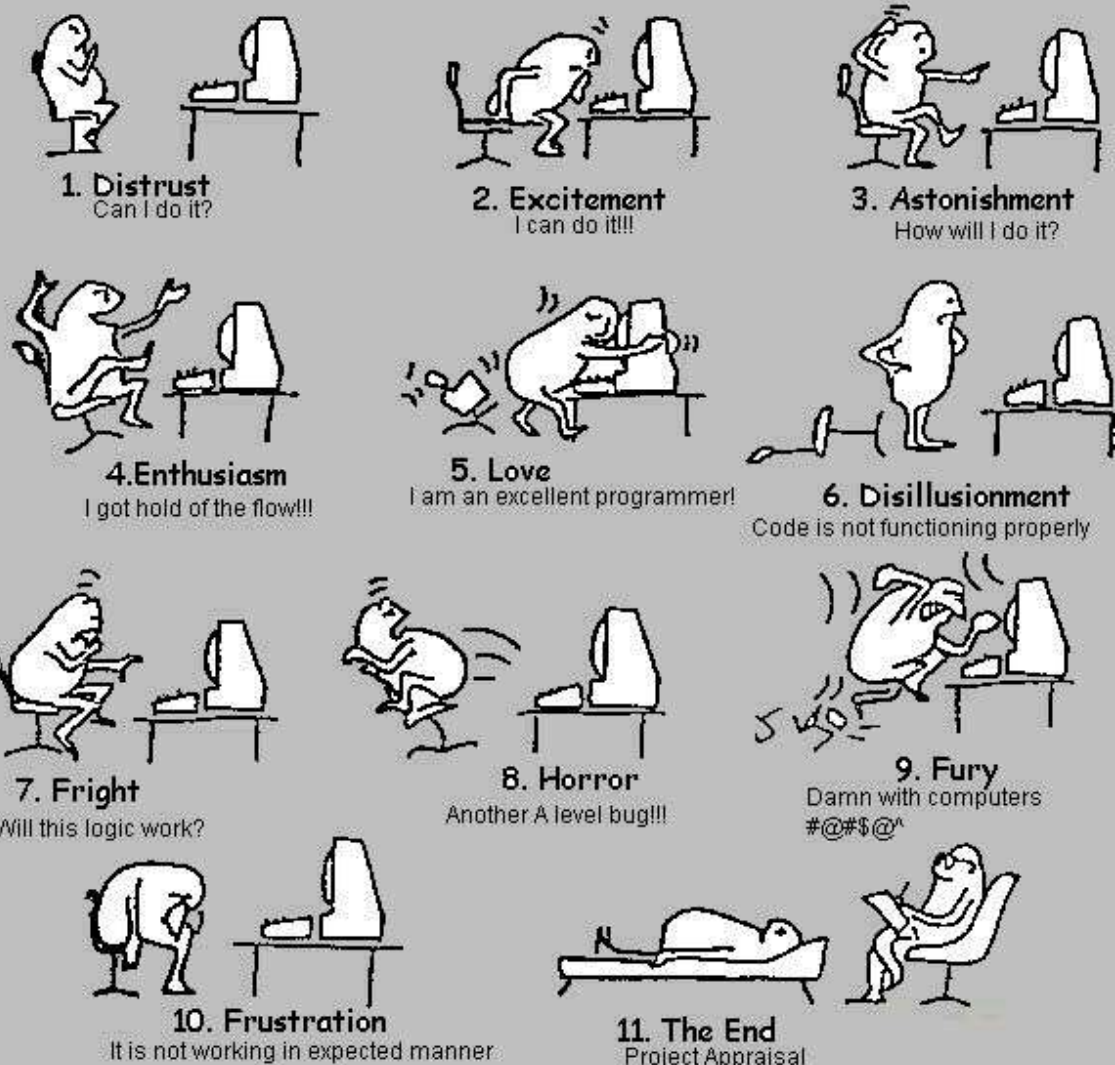
BEFORE WEB SERVICES



- ① User find algorithm described in literature
- ① If already implemented - must purchase application to test algorithm
- ① Rarely there are choice of many algorithms for the same task – developer already made a choice

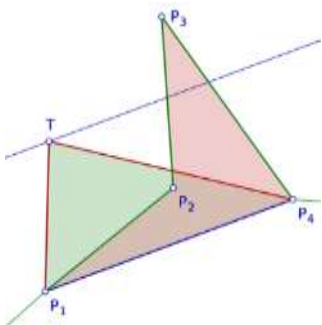


BEFORE WEB SERVICES

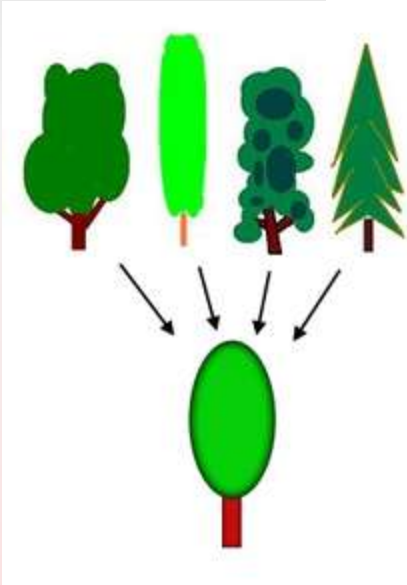


- ① User must accept offered algorithms in existing solutions
- ① Start to write his own implementation – tedious work which requires special programming skills and patience
- ① New developments are slowed down

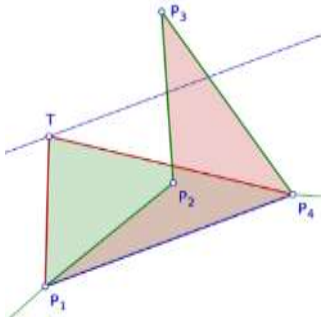
CARTOGRAPHIC GENERALISATION



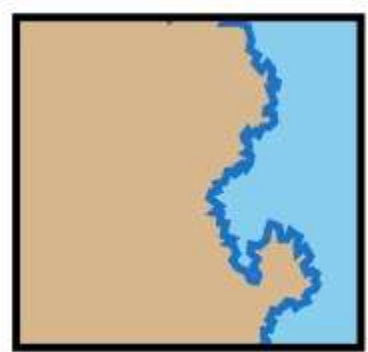
- ① “Complicated” cartographic discipline
- ① Automatisation was given high hopes
- ① Only trained cartographers deal with it in digital environment
- ① Result is large number of digital maps which does not follow most of the rules of cartographic generalisation, if any

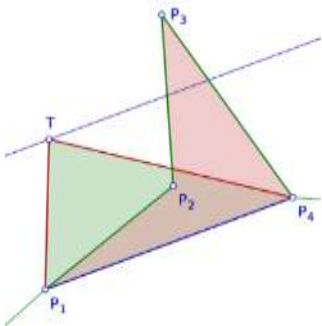


CARTOGRAPHIC LINE GENERALISATION



- ① Probably the most investigated problem
- ① Large number of published algorithms
- ① Probably most used is Douglas-Peucker algorithm – simple and available
- ① Not intuitive usage – questionable results for cartographic purpose



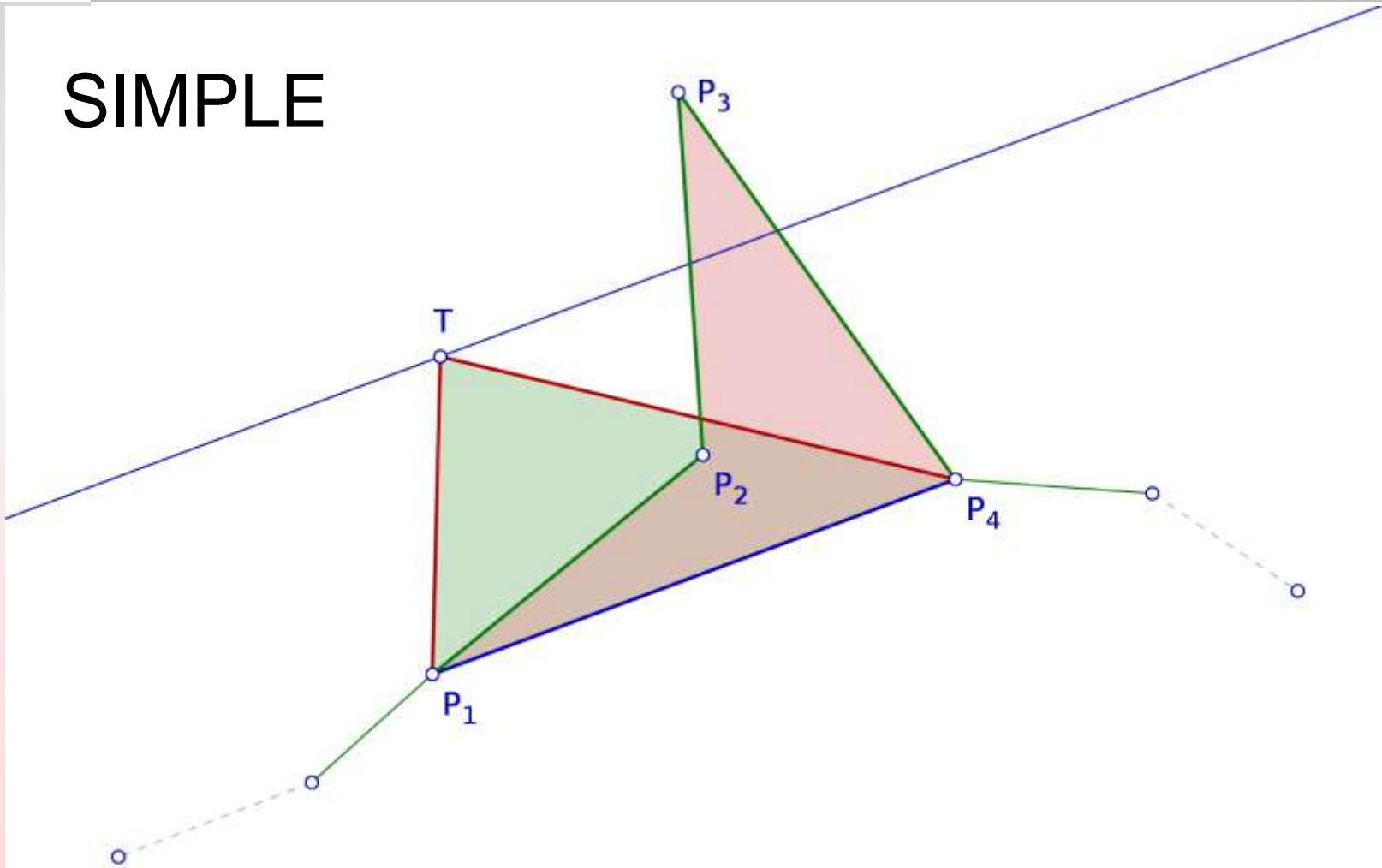


CARTOGRAPHIC LINE GENERALISATION - OUR ALGORITHM

- © **Area of generalised objects is preserved – property of manual generalisation**
- © Tutić, D. i Lapaine, M: (2009): Area Preserving Cartographic Line Generalisation, KiG, Vol. 8, No. 11, 84-100
www.kartografija.hr/kig

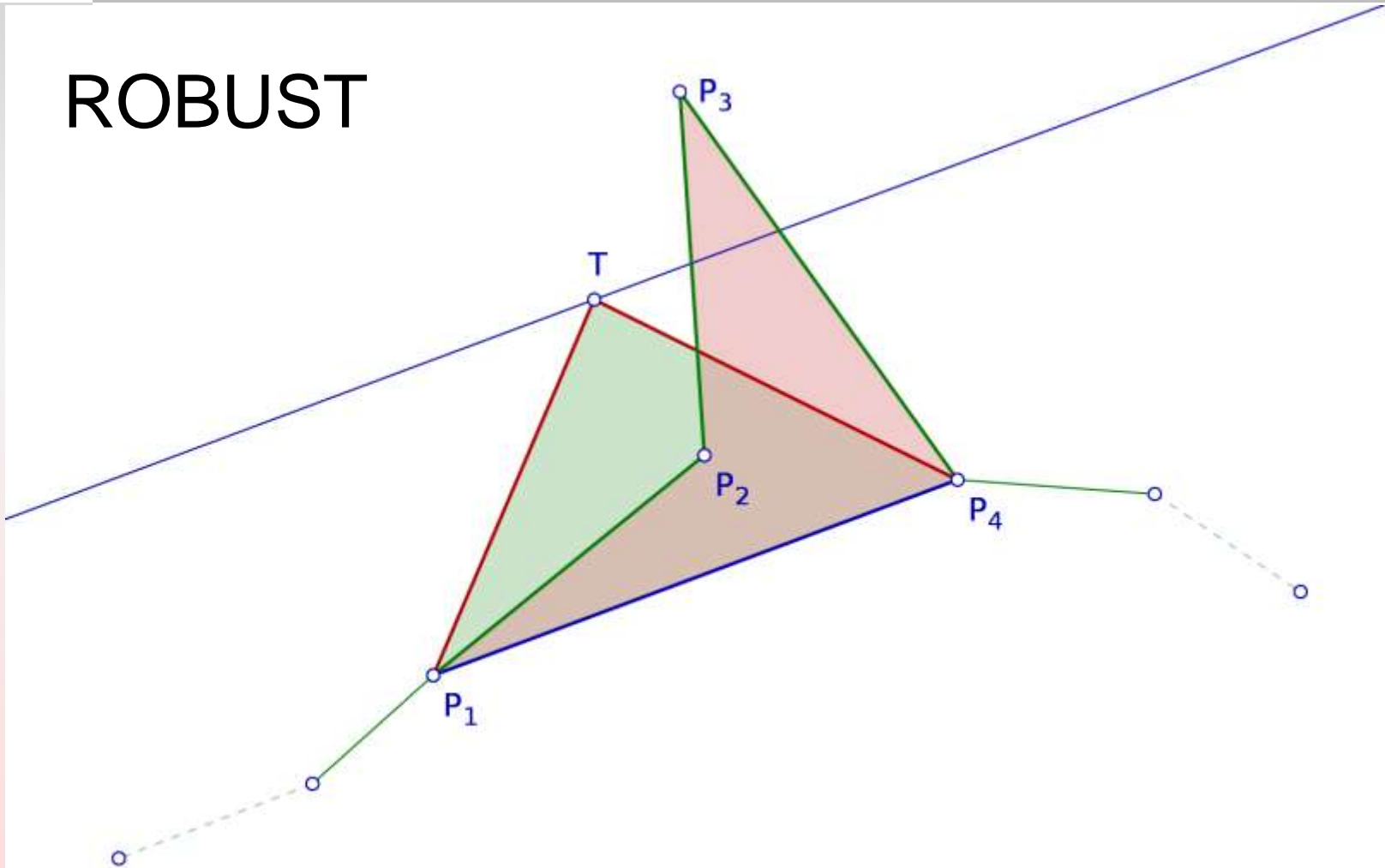
CARTOGRAPHIC LINE GENERALISATION - OUR ALGORITHM

SIMPLE



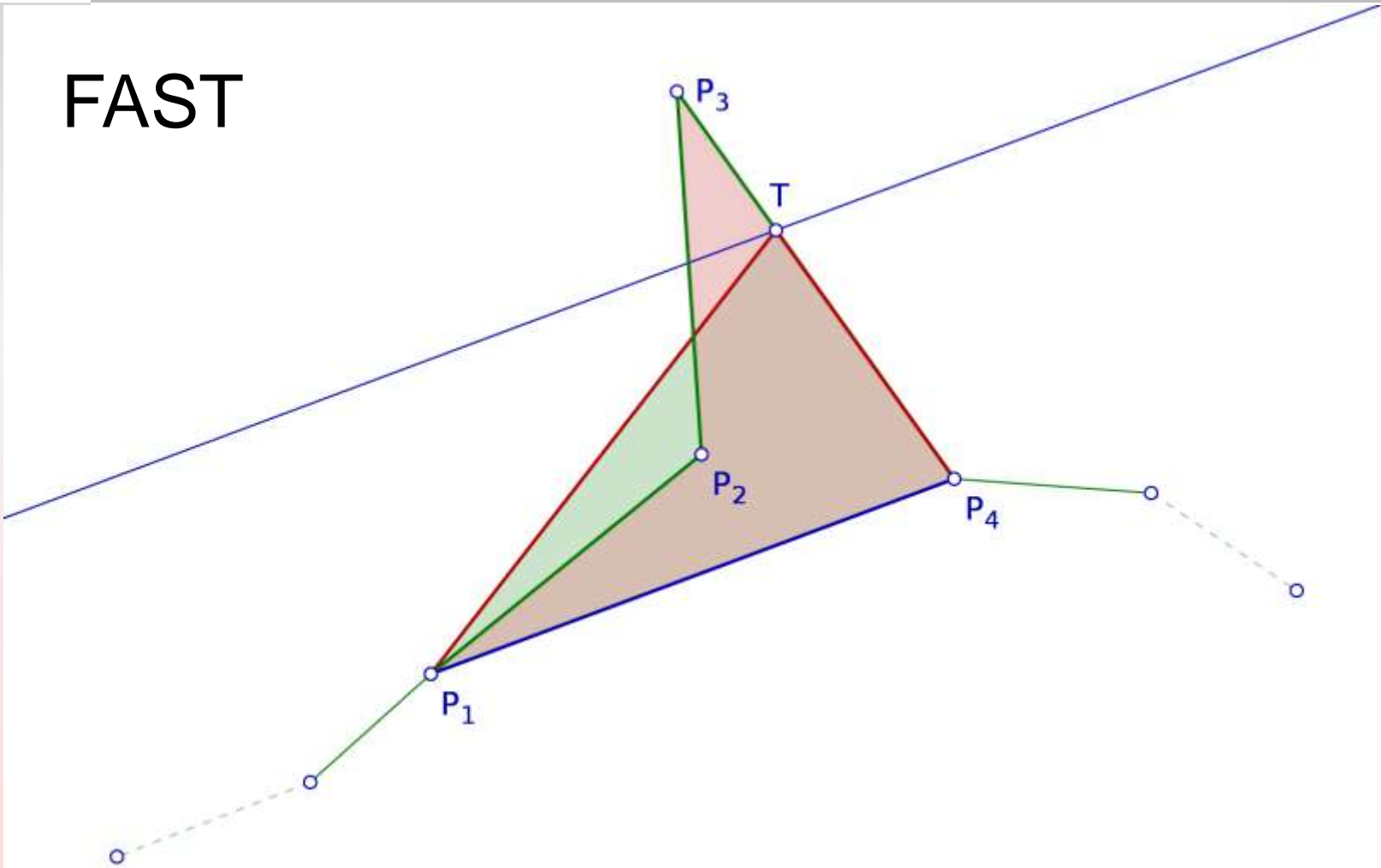
CARTOGRAPHIC LINE GENERALISATION - OUR ALGORITHM

ROBUST

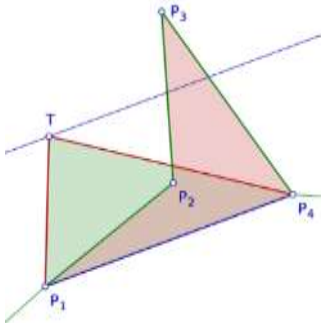


CARTOGRAPHIC LINE GENERALISATION - OUR ALGORITHM

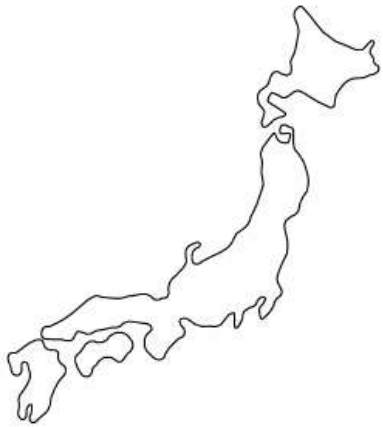
FAST



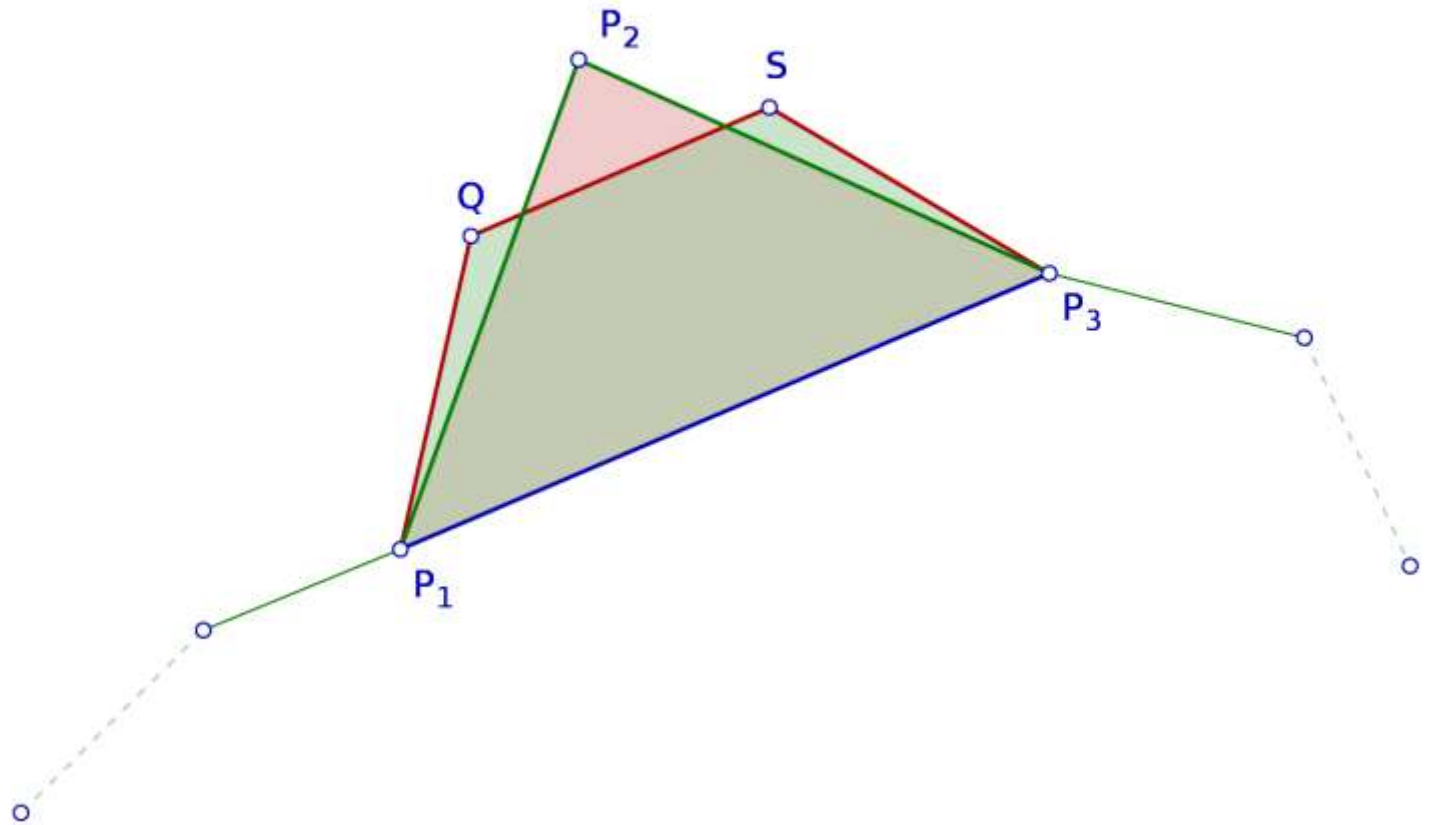
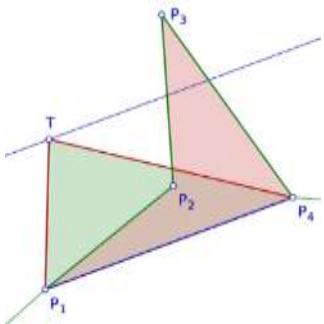
CARTOGRAPHIC LINE GENERALISATION - OUR ALGORITHM

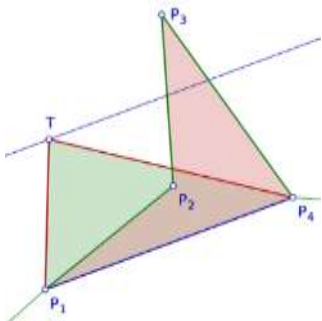


- ① First testing gave acceptable – very good results
- ① We have developed area preserving smoothing to enhance the results (Kyoto, 2010)
- ① It has advantages and disadvantages



AREA PRESERVING SMOOTHING

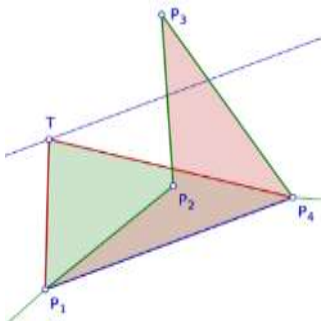




IMPLEMENTATION

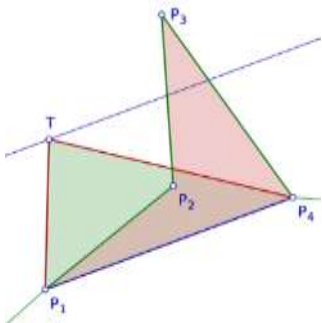
- ① Technology
 - ② New module for GRASS-GIS – the real process
 - ② OGC WPS (Web Processing Service) for publishing
 - ② PyWPS

<http://wps.kartografija.hr/pywps/cgi-bin/pywps.cgi>



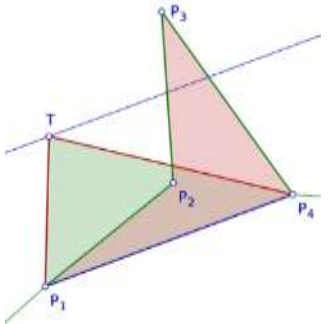
INTUITIVE USAGE

- ① Parameters
 - ② **Map scale**
 - ③ Medium (paper, screen, resolution)
 - ④ Line width
 - ⑤ Map type (topographic, school, waal...)
 - ⑥ **All additional parameters are functions of map scale**

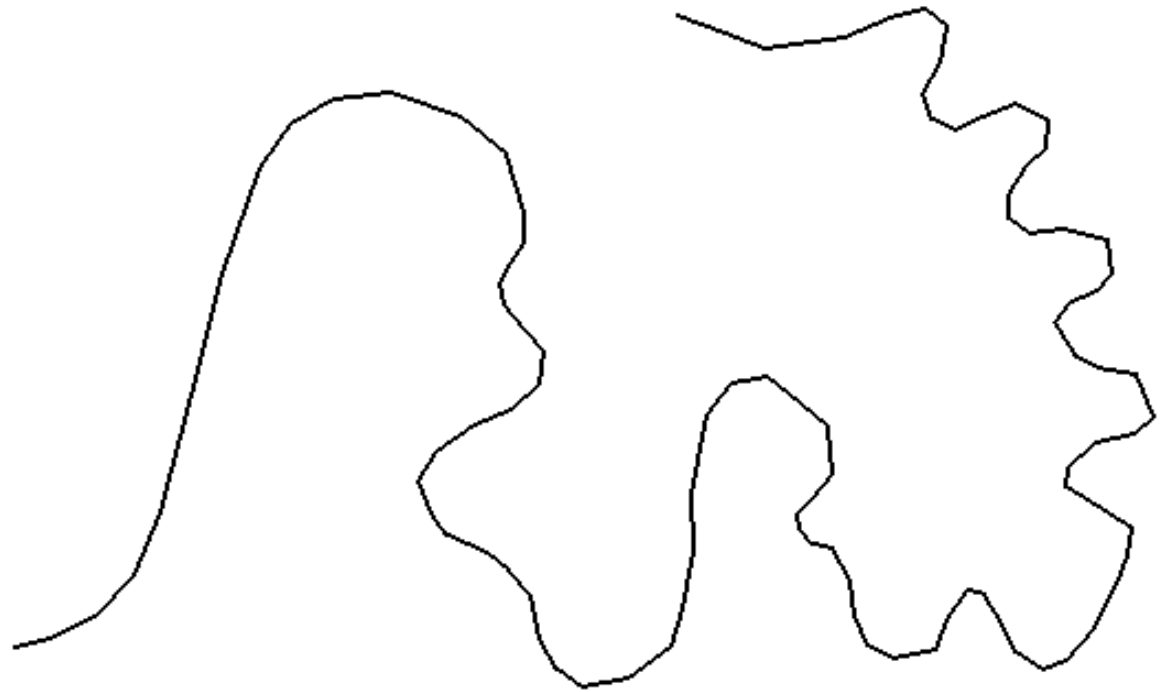


WHY “ONLY MAP SCALE” IS IMPORTANT

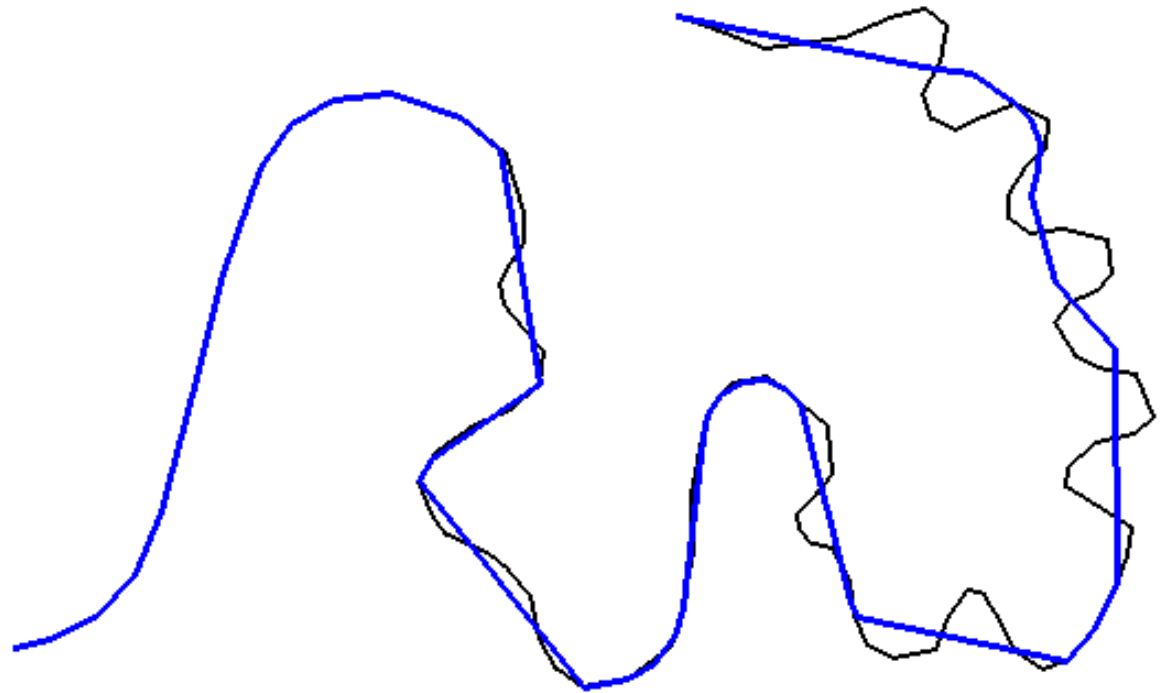
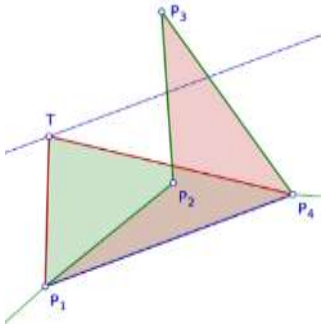
- ① Map scale is always known or should be known even when map is prepared on the fly through some query
- ① Results should be acceptable even for the users who do not understand cartographic generalisation or algorithm details

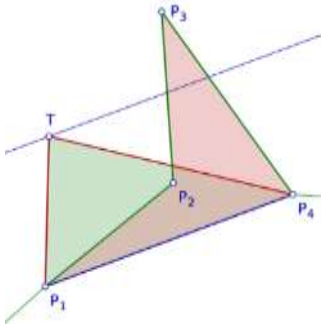


ALGORITHM PROPERTIES



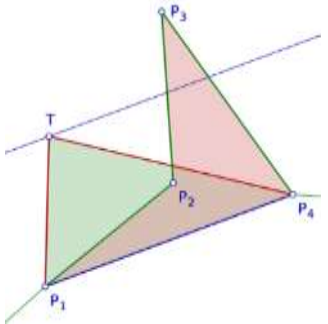
ALGORITHM PROPERTIES



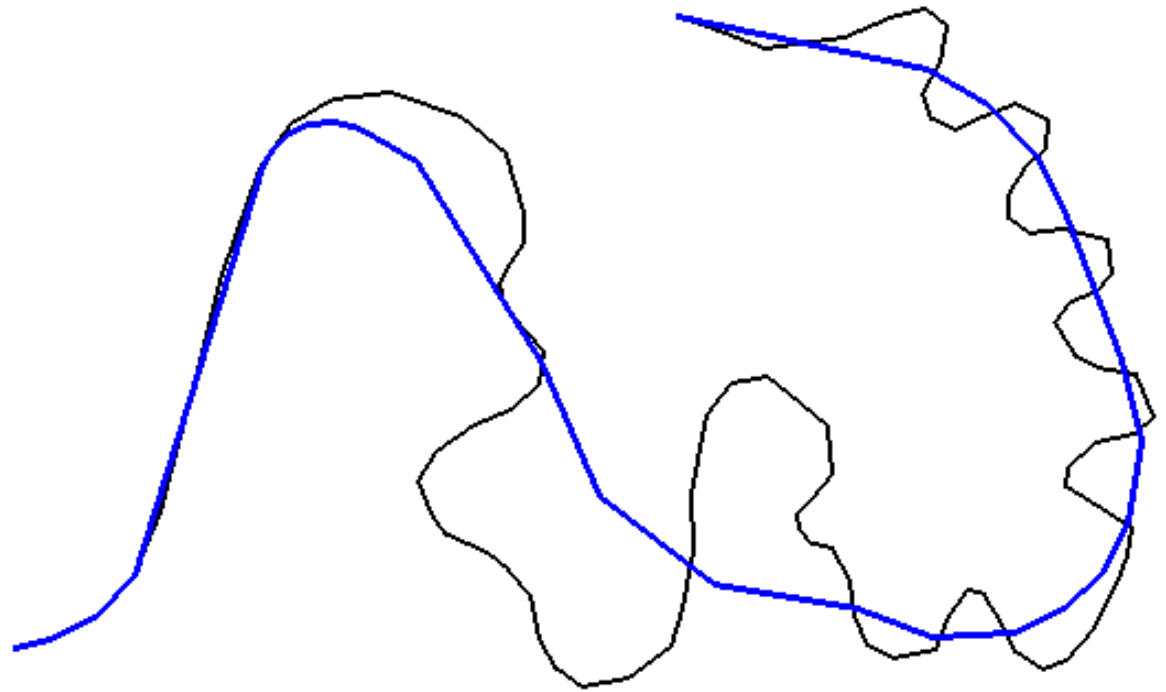


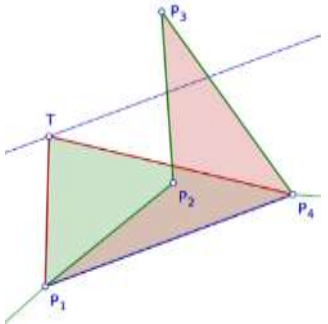
ALGORITHM PROPERTIES



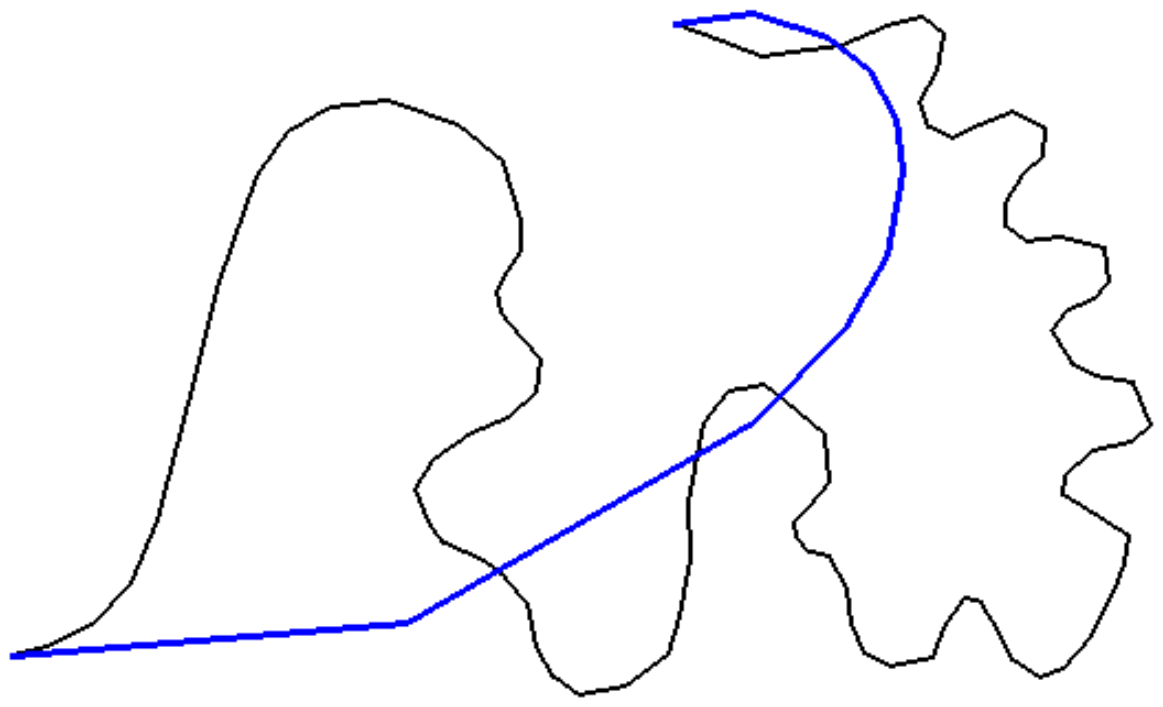


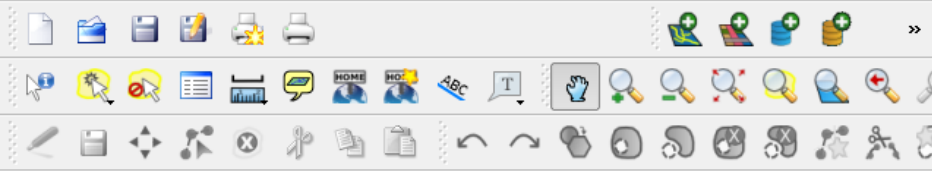
ALGORITHM PROPERTIES





ALGORITHM PROPERTIES

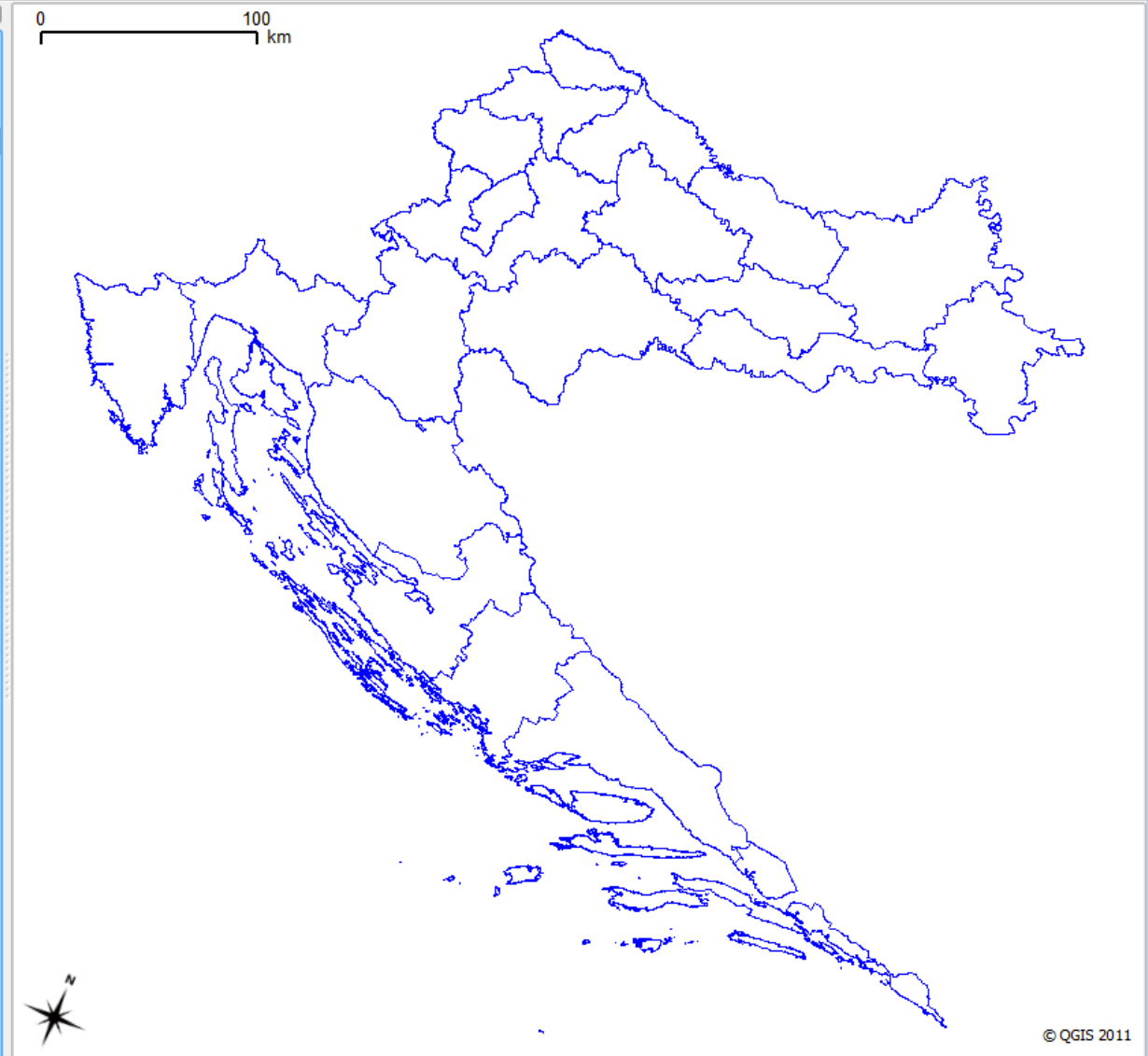


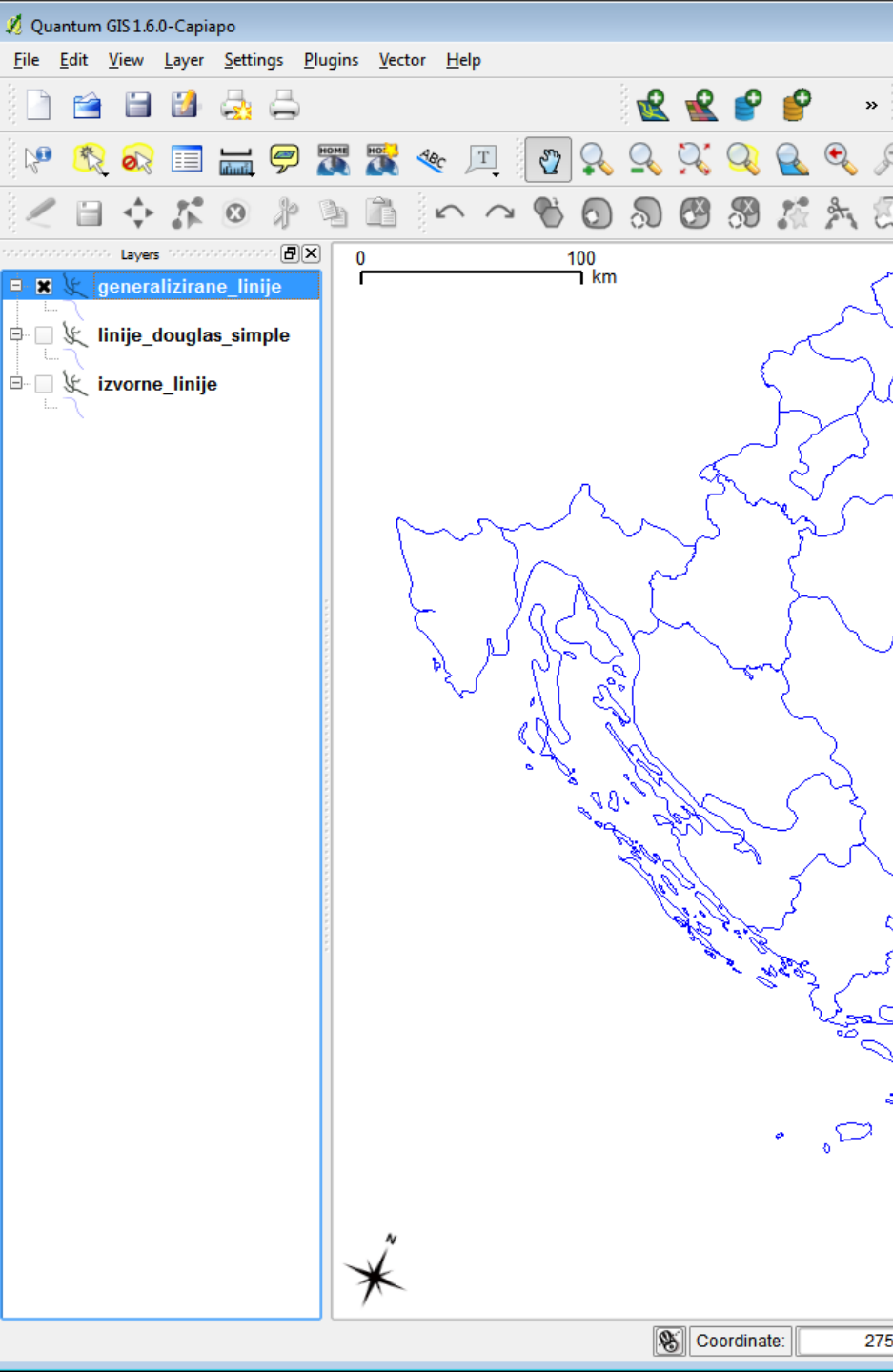


WPS-CLIENT

Layers

- generalizirane_linije
- linije_douglas_simple
- izvorne_linije





WPS-CLIENT

Note: this plugin not considered stable yet. Use it on your own

Dialog

WPS-CLIENT

Server Connections

CartGEN

Connect New Edit Delete

Identifier	Title
v.cartographic.line.generalization	2D-vector based cartog

about

Process Documentat

v.cartographic.line.ge

2D-vector based cartographic line generalization with property of preserving reatures area.

[input]
Data source for OGR access
{('MimeType': 'text/xml', 'Encoding': 'utf-8', 'Schema': 'http://schemas.opengis.net/gml/2.1.2/feature.xsd')}

izvorne_linije

[where]
Example: income < 1000 and inhab >= 10000

[layer]
A single vector map can be connected to multiple database tables. This number determines which table to use. Layer name for OGR access.

-1

[medium]
Medium for map presentation

screen

[angle]
Minimum angle between connected segments in degrees [0-170]

150

[-c]
Copy attributes

True

[resolution]
Screen resolution in dpi [1-10000]

96

[fineadj]
Adjustment of degree of generalization in percents [50-200]

100

[map_scale_denominator]
Map scale denominator [1-1000000000]>

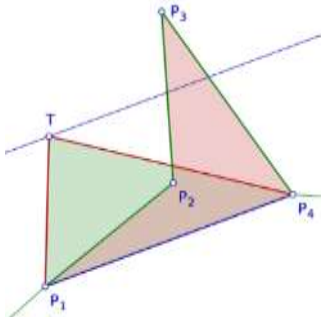
2386000

[cats]
Example: 1,3,7-9,13

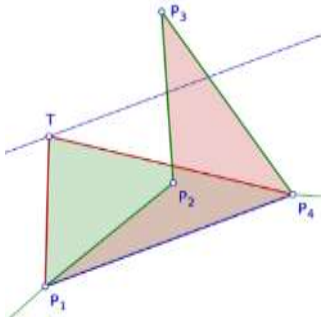
[mantvne]

Run Back

PROBLEMS

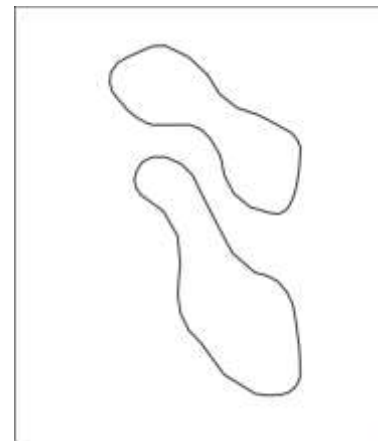
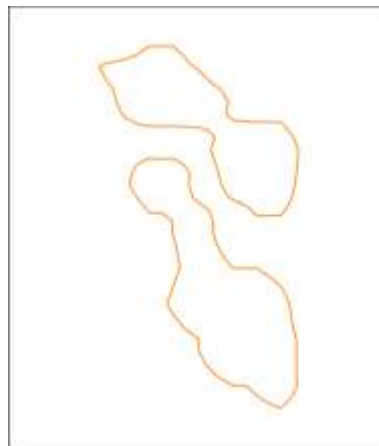


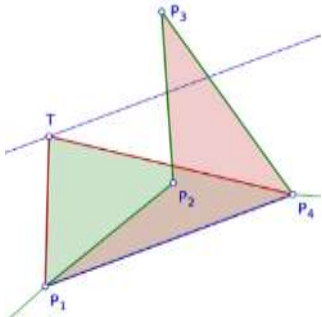
- ① Stability of numerical part of algorithm – can be improved
- ① WPS Servers and Clients in constant development
- ① Not as easy as expected
- ① Respond from user community



APPLICATIONS

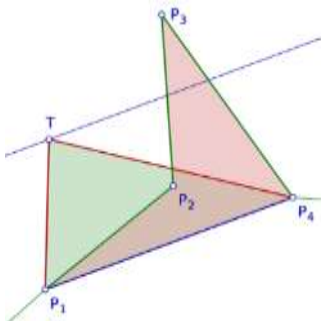
- ① Student works – exercises, thesis
- ① Commercial projects – improvement of map content representation





CONCLUSION

- ① Web services offer new and exciting possibilities
- ① Importance for very specific applications like cartographic generalisation
- ① Maybe we can expect new cycle in developing the automatisisation in cartography



USEFUL LINKS

- ⊙ <http://wps.kartografija.hr/pywps/cgi-bin/pywps.cgi>
- ⊙ <http://www.kartografija.hr/gshhs/>
- ⊙ http://www.kartografija.hr/kig/upload/clanci/kig11_Tutic2.pdf
- ⊙ [http://bib.irb.hr/datoteka/480211.Tutic Lapaine full paper.pdf](http://bib.irb.hr/datoteka/480211.Tutic_Lapaine_full_paper.pdf)
- ⊙ http://kartographie.geo.tu-dresden.de/webgen_wps/

THANK YOU!

